is no law which can enable the undersigned
with their limited powers to ascertain the facts
connected with the transaction. It is understood
and it certainly has long been the established
rule, that in the investigations made by the Fac-
culty, of offences alleged to have been committed
by the students of the University, no student shall
be compelled to give testimony against his fellow
or to criminate himself. It is true, that if any stu-
dent be found by a member of the faculty under
circumstances of suspicion in connection with
a violation of the laws of the University, he may be
called on for an explanation and, his silence if
he refuse to answer, may sometimes afford strong
evidence of his guilt. In times of disorder or dis-
turbance the Faculty have often felt the aid afforded
them by the following ordinances: If a student be
seen in the campus after the ringing of the notice bell
at night, may be held to account therefor, and
if found there at the time of a disturbance, shall
be deemed a participator? After the ringing of
the bell at night till breakfast on the following
morning, the time not devoted to sleep is due to
study, and it is the duty of the students if not en-
gaged in the preparation of his lesson, to be in his
room and to maintain order and quiet there?
By virtue of these ordinances the Faculty can and
do call to account every student who, at the time of
a college riot or disturbance, is ascertained to be